What is claimed is

- 1. A gene coding a protein involved in carotenoid biosynthesis, which has nucleotide sequences selected from a group consisting of nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ. ID. No 5, No 7, No 9, No 11, No 13 and No 15.
- 2. The gene as set forth in claim 1, wherein the gene has nucleotide sequences of crtW coding β -carotene ketolase and represented by SEQ. ID. No 5.
- 3. The gene as set forth in claim 1, wherein the gene has nucleotide sequences of crtZ coding β -carotene hydroxylase and represented by SEQ. ID. No 7.
- 4. The gene as set forth in claim 1, wherein the gene has nucleotide sequences of crtY coding licopene cyclase and represented by SEQ. ID. No 9.
- 5. The gene as set forth in claim 1, wherein the gene has nucleotide sequences of crtI coding

phytoene desaturase and represented by SEQ. ID. No 11.

- 6. The gene as set forth in claim 1, wherein the gene has nucleotide sequences of crtB coding phytoene synthase and represented by SEQ. ID.

 No 13.
- 7. The gene as set forth in claim 1, wherein the gene has nucleotide sequences of crtE coding geranylgeranyl pyrophosphate synthase and represented by SEQ. ID. No 15.
- 8. A crt gene containing all the genes of claim 2

 claim 7 and represented by SEQ. ID. No 4.
 - 9. A protein encoded by the gene of claim 1, which has nucleotide sequences selected from a group consisting of nucleotide sequences represented by SEQ. ID. No 6, No 8, No 10, No 12, No 14 and No 16.
 - 10. A recombinant vector containing the crt gene of claim 8.

11. The recombinant vector as set forth in claim
10, wherein the vector is pCR-XL-TOPO-crtfull
having a cleavage map represented in FIG. 16.

- 5 12. An *E. coli* transformant transformed with the recombinant vector of claim 11.
 - 13. A method for producing carotenoid comprising the following steps:
- 1) Cloning the crt gene of claim 8;
 - 2) Constructing a recombinant vector in which the crt gene of the above step 1) was inserted;
 - 3) Transfecting a host cell with the recombinant vector of the step 2); and
 - 4) Recovering carotenoids from the culture cells in which a strain transformed with the above recombinant vector was being cultured.

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- 14. The method as set forth in claim 13, wherein the recombinant vector is that of claim 11.
- 15. The method as set forth in claim 13, wherein the host cell is *E. coli* or yeast.

16. The method as set forth in claim 13, wherein the recovery of carotenoids is performed from the culture cells in which the *E. coli* was being cultured.

- 17. The method as set forth in claim 13, wherein the cartenoid is β -carotene or astaxanthine.
- 10 18. A Paracoccus haeundaensis producing astaxanthine, which has a 16S rDNA nucleotide sequence represented by SEQ. ID. No 3.
- 19. The *Paracoccus haeundaensis* as set forth in claim 18, wherein the strain is represented by accession No: KCCM-10460.